

Nomograms for visualising relationships between three variables

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A *nomogram* is a visual tool for doing a calculation. The linear nomogram, for example, is suitable for predicting z from x and y in relationships of the form $f(x) + g(y) = h(z)$, where f , g , and h are specified monotonic functions. This happens to be the form of a relationship for predicting the weight of Kenyan donkeys (typically crosses of the Nubian and Somalian wild asses), as a function of their heart girth and height; which makes it a very useful tool for Kenyan vets. There is an elegant theory for constructing nomograms relating three variables, reviewed in Doerfler (2009). Unfortunately, though, many nomograms have limitations within a statistical approach, for which predictive uncertainty must also be assessed. I discuss nomograms, including their implementation in R , and illustrate with a statistical application concerning Kenyan donkeys.

References

Ron Doerfler (2009). The Lost Art of Nomography. *The UMAP Journal* 30, 457–493. Available on-line, http://myreckonings.com/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/JournalArticle/The_Lost_Art_of_Nomography.pdf.



Picture of two Kenyan donkeys taken by Kate Milner, summer 2010.